1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13		DISTRICT COURT
14	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON	
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Andrew Modeen, Plaintiff, vs. Progressive Finance Holdings, LLC, Defendant.	Case No.: COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES 1. VIOLATION OF TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET. SEQ. JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
22232425262728		COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

For this Complaint, the Plaintiff, Andrew Modeen, by undersigned counsel, states as follows:

JURISDICTION

- 1. This action arises out of Defendant's repeated violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq. ("TCPA").
- 2. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), in that Defendants transact business here and a substantial portion of the acts giving rise to this action occurred here.

PARTIES

- 3. The Plaintiff, Andrew Modeen (hereafter "Plaintiff"), is an adult individual residing in Auburn, Washington, and is a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153(39).
- 4. Defendant, Progressive Finance Holdings, LLC ("Progressive") is a business entity with an address of 11629 S 700 E, Draper, Utah 84020, and is a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153(39).

FACTS

5. Within the last year, Progressive began placing calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone, number 206-xxx-4308, in an attempt to collect a consumer debt allegedly owed by Plaintiff.

- 6. Progressive placed calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone using an automatic telephone dialing system ("ATDS").
- 7. When Plaintiff answered calls from Progressive, he heard silence and had to wait on the line to be connected to the next available representative.
- 8. In or late November 2017, Plaintiff spoke with a live representative and requested that all calls to him cease.
 - 9. Nevertheless, Progressive continued to place automated calls to Plaintiff.

<u>COUNT I</u> <u>VIOLATIONS OF THE TCPA – 47 U.S.C. § 227, et. seq.</u>

- 10. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of thisComplaint as though fully stated herein.
- 11. At all times mentioned herein and within the last year, Defendant called Plaintiff on his cellular telephones using an ATDS or predictive dialer.
- 12. In expanding on the prohibitions of the TCPA, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) defines a Predictive Dialer as "a dialing system that automatically dials consumers' telephone numbers in a manner that "predicts" the time when a consumer will answer the phone and a [representative] will be available to take the call…"2003 TCPA Order, 18 FCC 36 Rcd 14022. The FCC explains that if a representative is not "free to take a call that has been placed by a predictive dialer, the consumer answers the phone only to hear 'dead air' or a dial tone, causing

frustration." *Id.* In addition, the TCPA places prohibitions on companies that "abandon" calls by setting "the predictive dialers to ring for a very short period of time before disconnecting the call; in such cases, the predictive dialer does not record the call as having been abandoned." *Id.*

- 13. Defendant's telephone systems have some earmarks of a Predictive Dialer.
- 14. When Plaintiff answered the phone, he was met with a period of silence before Defendant's telephone system would connect him to the next available representative.
- 15. Defendant's Predictive Dialers have the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator.
- 16. Defendant contacted Plaintiff by means of automatic telephone calls to his cellular phone knowing that it lacked consent to call his number in light of him revoking his consent. As such, each call placed to Plaintiff was made in knowing and/or willful violation of the TCPA, and subject to treble damages pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).
- 17. The telephone number called by Defendant was and is assigned to a cellular telephone serviced by AT&T for which Plaintiff incurs charges for incoming calls pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1).

- 18. Plaintiff was annoyed, harassed and inconvenienced by Defendant's continued calls.
- 19. The calls from Defendant to Plaintiff were not placed for "emergency purposes" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(i).
- 20. Plaintiff is entitled to an award of \$500.00 in statutory damages for each call in violation of the TCPA pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).
- 21. As a result of each call made in knowing and/or willful violation of the TCPA, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of treble damages in an amount up to \$1,500.00 pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B) and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays that judgment be entered against Defendant:

- A. Statutory damages of \$500.00 for each violation determined to be negligent pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B);
- B. Treble damages for each violation determined to be willful and/or knowing pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C); and
- C. Such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

TRIAL BY JURY DEMANDED ON ALL COUNTS

DATED: June 1, 2018

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1 2 3 4	By: /s/ Sarah Stasch Sarah Stasch, Esq. Lemberg Law, LLC Attorney for Plaintiff, Andrew Modeen
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